MARINE RECREATIONAL INFORMATION PROGRAM

FY 2014 Project Plan

Private Recreational Angler Electronic Census Reporting of Red Snapper Catch Data in Alabama

Created on 10/31/2013

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Operations Team

1. Overview

1.1. Background

Anglers fishing from privately-owned vessels are estimated to make up a majority of the red snapper fishery in Alabama, but at this time it is impossible to create an accurate snapshot of fishing effort. Preliminary NOAA estimates from the June 2013 season show that private vessel anglers in Alabama harvested over 250,000 fish (Sminkey, personal communication), however this would imply that a very large number of private vessels are able to leave port every day of the red snapper season. With determinations of season and bag limits relying on these data, it is critical to provide managers with the most accurate and timely information possible about actual red snapper catch and fishery effort.

Currently, the Marine Recreational Information Program (MRIP) Access Point Angler Intercept Survey (APAIS) dockside survey captures catch information and during the June 2013 red snapper season, Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources/Marine Resources Division (ADCNR/MRD) samplers weighed just 169 fish in the private/rental (PR) recreational vessel mode. The MRIP dockside surveys do not capture data from anglers who depart from private docks or ramps, and it is impossible to place samplers at all public ramps during all hours of the red snapper season in order to take accurate counts of fish. However, a more complete portrait of the red snapper fishery may be obtained by involving anglers in counting harvested fish; to date there have been precedents set in the form of voluntary reporting surveys for sport species in several states, and support for a red snapper reporting system voiced to the Gulf of Mexico Fisheries Management Council. Given the derby conditions which exist in the recreational fishery today due to reductions in season length, and the importance of red snapper fishing in Alabama, there is strong justification for a plan which provides more accurate accounting of red snapper harvested by anglers on privately-owned vessels.

1.2. Project Description

Goal is to develop a system to account for the numbers of PR anglers fishing for red snapper in Alabama whereby anglers can easily count and report harvest, the reported data can be readily validated by DCNR/MRD staff, and reporting coverage can be enforced.

1.3. Objectives

1. Develop outreach materials to inform anglers of how to report harvest and materials for license sales outlets to register for vessel endorsement. 2. Develop software for a smartphone/tablet application ("app"), an online reporting system, and/or a telephone hotline with Interactive Voice Response (IVR) for angler reporting. 3. Develop field validation protocols and procedures to determine appropriate under- and over-reporting adjustment factors. Field validation assignments will be completed by biological staff who will visit boat ramps to record pertinent trip information

from vessels landing red snapper. In addition, enforcement officers will conduct dockside inspections to ensure compliance with mandatory reporting requirements. Adjustment factors will be developed after comparing collected data with reported data and applied to raw reported data. 4 Develop computing and data processing methods which minimize time needed to generate adjusted landings totals.

1.4. References

Sminkey, T. 2013. NOAA Fisheries. Personal communication.

2. Methodology

2.1. Methodology

This proposal requests MRIP funds to; 1) develop and implement a mandatory reporting system for reporting recreational red snapper landings by Alabama private vessels and 2) develop methods for validating self-reported data and tracking reporting compliance and using data to determine if adjustments to raw data are required.

After each fishing trip but before fish are landed dockside, a representative from the vessel will submit data including the number of anglers on the vessel, number of red snapper harvested and released dead, and vessel registration number. These data will be reported electronically by the use of an app or by telephone hotline. ADCNR/MRD staff will oversee the development of reporting software. Currently, a template is in place via the ADCNR Game Check system which is used to collect data from hunters about deer and turkey harvest; a similar platform could be used to capture red snapper harvest data. Samplers will validate harvest during field sampling assignments, and enforcement officers will ensure angler participation. ADCNR/MRD staff will develop and disseminate outreach materials to anglers to make sure that they understand the reporting process.

2.2. Regions

Gulf of Mexico

2.3. Geographic Coverage

Alabama

2.4. Temporal Coverage

Data reporting will take place during the designated red snapper season (~June 2014)

2.5. Frequency

Trip-level reporting by vessel or angler.

2.6. Unit of Analysis

Vessel or Angler trip

2.7. Collection Mode

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Electronic data collection, through smartphone apps and automated telephone recording software.

3. Communications Plan

3.1. Internal

Key DCNR/MRD staff will have bi-monthly meetings to evaluate project status, identify issues remaining for project implementation, and delegate work as appropriate. Coordination activities outside scheduled meetings will be made primarily via phone and email.

3.2. External

DCNR/MRD project managers will communicate with the Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission (anticipated liaison) as needed. Once the regulation is signed, outreach will be conducted with recreational anglers through local print media, radio, meetings and the DCNR website. Project status reports will be provided monthly through MRIP Data Management System (MDMS).

4. Assumptions and Constraints

11	Now Data	

Yes

4.2. Track Costs

Yes

4.3. Funding Vehicle

Cooperative agreement with the Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission

4.4. Data Resources

4.5. Other Resources

4.6. Regulations

Currently, no state regulations exist to require mandatory reporting of recreational red snapper catches. However, general support from Alabama anglers exists to improve data collection for red snapper. The Commissioner of the ADCNR understands the issues related to red snapper management and is eager to develop better systems to monitor landings. A new regulation will be promulgated to address mandatory reporting within the fishery.

4.7. Other

5. Risk

5.1. Project Risk

Table 1: Project Risk

Risk Description	Risk Impact	Risk Probability	Risk Mitigation
			Approach
Regulation to require	All trips will not be	Medium	Outreach with
mandatory reporting of	reported.		Conservation Advisory
red snapper catches will			Board members and
not be promulgated.			recreational angler
			group(s) is planned to
			build support for the
			regulation.
Development of	Reporting rates may be	Low	DCNR/MRD staff will
smartphone app,	reduced and timeliness		engage DCNR-IT staff
database and IVR	of reports will be		and IVR contractor to
telephone module will	reduced.		develop modified
not occur in time to test.			version of technology
			which is already in use
			for other game species.
Low reporting rates.	Quality of data.	Medium	Anglers who do not
			report as required will
			receive a citation.
			Significant outreach will
			be conducted before
			and during the fishing
			season.
Lack of field samplers.	Validation of reported	Low	DCNR/MRD will hire
	data.		additional staff to ensure
			a robust validation
			program is maintained
			throughout fishing
			season.

6. Final Deliverables

6.1. Additional Reports

Final evaluation report.

6.2. New Data Sets

Census reporting of private angler trps

6.3. New Systems

Smartphone app and IVR module.

7. Project Leadership

7.1. Project Leader and Members

Table 2: Project Members

Project Role	Name	Organization Title	
Team Leader	Kevin Anson	Alabama DCNR/Marine Chief Biologist	
		Resources Division	
Team Member	Karon Aplin	Alabama DCNR/Marine Biologist II	
		Resoources Division	
Team Member	Julie Perry	Alabama DCNR-IT IT Manager	
		Section	
Team Member	Scott Bannon	Alabama DCNR/Marine Chief Enforcement	
		Resources Division Officer	

8. Project Estimates

8.1. Project Schedule

Table 3: Project Schedule - Major Tasks and Milestones

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#	Schedule	Planned Start	Planned Finish	Prerequisites	Milestones
	Description	40/04/03/3	0.4 /0.4 /0.2 4.4		
1	Planning	12/01/2013	01/31/2014		
2	Reporting	01/01/2014	04/15/2014		Y
	regulation				
	development:				
	outreach with				
	regulatory				
	members and				
	angler groups.				
3	Smartphone	01/01/2014	05/01/2014		Υ
	App platform,				
	internet				
	database, IVR				
	telephone				
	capture				
	development.				
4	Develop field	03/01/2014	05/01/2014		
	validation				
	procedures and				
	determine				
	formulas for				
	adjustment				
	factors.				
5	Beta testing of	05/01/2014	05/21/2014	3	
	reporting				
	systems and fix				
	identified				
	problems.				
6	Collect data,	06/01/2014	07/10/2014	3, 5	
	perform QA/QC				
	procedures and				
	conduct field				
	validations.				
7	Develop in-	06/01/2014	07/31/2014	6	Y
	season and				

	final catch/harvest rates using adjustment factors.			
8	Final evaluation C	08/01/2014	10/31/2014	

8.2. Cost Estimates

Table 4: Cost EstimatesYes

Project Need	Cost Description	Date Needed	Estimated Cost
'	,		
Oversee field data	DCNR/MRD staff time	04/01/2014	\$12500.00
collection, QA/QC and			
correction factor			
development			
Final report	DCNR/MRD staff time	07/15/2014	\$5000.00
Planning and outreach	DCNR-IT and	12/31/2013	\$5000.00
activities	DCNR/MRD staff time		
Smartphone App and	DCNR-IT and	01/31/2014	\$10000.00
internet database	DCNR/MRD staff time		
development			
Field validation	DCNR/MRD staff time	03/31/2014	\$5000.00
procedure development			
Cooperative Agreement	GSMFC Cooperative	12/01/2013	\$2500.00
Oversight	Agreement		
	management/oversight		
TOTAL			\$40000.00